

SERX

Swiss Economy Reputation Index

The Swiss Economy Reputation Index (SERX), which is currently made up of 157 private sector and state-related companies, shows on a consolidated basis how the public perception of the Swiss economy and its key sectors has developed over time.

3rd Quarter 2020

Basel, October 8, 2020

Swiss Economy Reputation Index

Reputation of the Swiss economy suffers from a social-moral perspective in the 3rd quarter of 2020

- ❖ After two quarters of strong reputational gains, public perception of the Swiss economy deteriorated again in the third quarter of 2020. SERX lost 2.1 index points and now stands at 90.6 index points.
- ❖ Although the often negative economic impact of the Corona crisis on the half-year results of companies was also responsible for this loss of reputation, the social assessments in relation to the economy darkened significantly.
- ❖ While in the first half of the year the question of how companies are helping to support Switzerland as a business location during the corona crisis was still largely viewed positively, in the third quarter the climate of opinion was dominated by social and moral issues with negative connotations.
- ❖ In addition to national events (e.g. the Weko cartel investigation against retailers, the resurgence of the Vincenz affair and the opening of proceedings by Finma against Credit Suisse in the context of the Kahn spying affair), the Swiss media increasingly scandalised international events related to the Swiss economy - probably also in view of the upcoming votes on responsible business and war business initiatives.
- ❖ The focus was often on actions by Swiss companies that were judged to be legally and morally questionable with regard to ecology (e.g. financing oil production in the Amazon, palm oil

sinners, export of prohibited pesticides, harmful sulphur emissions in Glencore Mine in Zambia), human rights (LafargeHolcim in Burma) or ethical behaviour (fines in France for Basel Pharma for overpriced drugs, gaps in the Swiss banks' anti-money laundering policy).

- ❖ In the sector ranking, insurers were able to maintain their top position by a narrow margin - despite heavy losses due to corona-related financial setbacks. The life science companies, which had previously ranked second, fell back to fourth place. By contrast, the engineering sector - which is performing well despite the corona crisis - and the food sector, which in most cases has continued to grow despite the crisis, have moved up.
- ❖ The losers at sector level are - apart from the life science companies mentioned above - the domestic banks and retailers. The still very positive perception in the first half of the year in the context of the straightforward execution of the Corona loans was overshadowed by the resurgence of the Vincenz affair at Raiffeisen and uncertain future prospects at Postfinance. The retail sector was under public pressure as a result of the investigations conducted by the Weko and the threat of fines running into millions.

SERX - Swiss Economy Reputation Index

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Due to its sedimented calculation method (Sedimented Reputation Index®) and the large assessment basis determined on a daily basis (an average of around 20,000 reputation-relevant public reports are calculated on a sedimented basis per day), SERX is a valid indicator of the public acceptance of the Swiss economy and its key sectors.

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Swiss Economy Reputation Index

Study Layout

Focus	The Swiss Economy Reputation Index (SERX), published quarterly by commsLAB AG, is based on content analysis, structuring and assessment of reputation-relevant public information on the most resonant Swiss commercial enterprises (agency reports, radio and TV reports, news articles of Swiss origin).	
Company selection	157 companies from 18 sectors are currently being analyzed.	
Reputation relevance	Only public reports relevant to the company's reputation are encoded. Reporting is classified as reputation-relevant if a company is featured either in the title, in the lead or prominently in at least one section of the article.	
Model SRI®	The reporting data are calculated and indexed using the Sedimented Reputation Index® (SRI®) (starting point = 01/01/2008). The SRI® enables a unique combination of the effects of resonance and rating effects in a long-term context and serves to model the historically grown reputation anchored in public memory.	
	These ratings are based on a high-quality and powerful human coding, showing a significantly lower error rate and a significantly higher relevance than automated procedures.	
Strategic partner fög	Coverage is rated in collaboration with the Research Center for the Public Sphere and Society at the University of Zurich (<u>fög – Forschungszentrum Öffentlichkeit und Gesellschaft/University of Zurich</u>). As an independent body, the center safeguards rating consistency and impartiality.	
Database	<p>Current database 2Q2020:</p> <p>Total database (01/2004 – 06/2020):</p> <p>Average sedimented resonance base (01/2004 - 06/2020):</p> <p>Current sedimented resonance base per 30/06/2020</p>	<p>Coding of 4'240 reputation-relevant reports</p> <p>Coding of 184'385 reputation-relevant reports</p> <p>18'934 reputation-relevant reports (daily basis)</p> <p>32'693 reputation-relevant reports (daily basis)</p>
Warranty Data	commsLAB/fög guarantees that data are up-to-date as of the indicated reference date. Due to reports only available after the publication date and subsequent corrections, the figures shown may vary slightly compared to the previous period. The same applies to adjustments in the selection of companies. Corresponding updates are carried out regularly and are included in the following publications.	

Swiss Economy Reputation Index

Reputation Measurement

Sedimented Reputation Index® (SRI®)

The reporting data are calculated by using the Sedimented Reputation Index® (SRI®) developed by commsLAB AG and the fög - Research Center for the Public Sphere and Society at the University of Zurich. The SRI® models the historically grown reputation anchored in public memory and allows the presentation of long-term, sedimented reputation developments.

The SRI® combines in a unique manner the effects of resonance and reputation in a long-term perspective. It is calculated over time and takes into account—on a daily or weekly basis—the values of the previous period, weighted with a “forgetting” rate. The SRI® is expressed on a scale ranging from +100 (exclusively positive resonance) to –100 (exclusively negative resonance).

The methodology stems from the insight that reputation of an actor is defined not only by current events but also, to some extent and for a period of time, by past events that have attracted public attention. The SRI® takes account of the fact that, in the long run, major high-resonance events determine the reputation dynamics of organizations and companies.

The key point is that the initial value of a reputation value (SRI®) calculated on a daily or weekly basis can be based on a meaningful and stable starting value. This usually requires data over a period of twelve months. The presentation of the sedimented reputation values therefore starts on 01/01/2005.

SRI®-based impact procedure

The impact procedure focuses on the effect or significance of a particular unit under review (e.g. sector, company, positioning field, etc.) within a defined benchmark.

This allows, for example, to map the relative competitiveness advantages or disadvantages of individual companies in a defined sector along individual units of analysis.

To measure the Impact SRI® of Company A in a competitive situation (benchmarking), the relevant data of Company A is eliminated from the benchmark sample. This allows to answer the question of how the benchmark reputation would change if Company A were not part of the benchmark or, conversely, what influence - or impact - that Company A actually exerts on the benchmark reputation.

Swiss Economy Reputation Index

Company Selection

Meta-Sector	Sectors (18)	Companies under review (157)
Other (1)	Health & Accident Insurers(9)	Concordia, CSS, Groupe Mutuel, Helsana, KPT, Sanitas, Suva, Swica, Visana
Financial Sector (3)	Global Banks (5)	Credit Suisse, Julius Bär, Partners Group, UBS, Vontobel
	Domestic Banks (30)	Bank Cler, all Cantonal Banks, Migrosbank, Postfinance, Raiffeisen, Valiant
Real Economy (14)	Insurers (10)	Allianz, Axa, Baloise, Helvetia, Mobiliar, NAG (until 2014), Swiss Life, Swiss Re, Vaudoise, Zurich
	Audit (4)	Deloitte, Ernst & Young, KPMG, Price Waterhouse Coopers
	Construction & Real Estate (9)	Allreal, Arbonia Forster Group, Geberit, LafargeHolcim, Implenla, PSP, Sika, SPS, Steiner AG
	Chemical Industry (6)	Ciba (until 2008), Clariant, Ems-Chemie, Givaudan, Lonza, Syngenta
	Retail (9)	Aldi, Coop, Dufry, Fenaco-Landi, Lidl, Migros, Manor, Valora, Volg
	Services & Technology (8)	Adecco, AMS, Dormakaba, Kudelski, Logitech SGS, SIX, Temenos
	Energy (3)	Alpiq, Axpo, BKW
	Life Science (17)	<i>PHARMA</i> : Johnson&Johnson, Novartis, Roche, Santhera, Serono (until 2006), Vifor. <i>BIOTECH</i> : Actelion, Basilea, Biogen, Idorsia. <i>MEDTECH</i> : Alcon, Nobel Biocare., Sonova, Straumann, Synthes (until 2012), Tecan, Ypsomed
	Luxury Goods (3)	Richemont, Rolex, Swatch
	Engineering (16)	ABB, Bucher Industries, Bühler, Conzzeta, Dätwyler, Georg Fischer, Huber+Suhner, Interroll, Landis+Gyr, Oerlikon, Rieter, Schindler, Schweiter Technologies, SIG Combibloc, Stadler Rail, Sulzer
	Media (6)	Edipresse, Publigroupe, Ringier, SRG, Tamedia, NZZ Mediengruppe
	Food (5)	Aryzta, Barry Callebaut, Emmi, Lindt & Sprüngli, Nestlé
	Raw Material (8)	Glencore, Gunvor, Mercuria, Petroplus (until 2012), Trafigura, Transocean, Vitol, Xstrata (until 2014)
Telecom (4)	Cablecom, Salt, Sunrise, Swisscom	
Transport & Logistics (5)	Flughafen Zürich, Kühne & Nagel, Post, SBB, Swiss	

Swiss Economy Reputation Index

Swiss Economy - General Development (as of 30/09/2020)

SERX Swiss Economy Reputation Index
SRI® indexed 2005 - 30/09/2020 (01/01/2008 = 100)

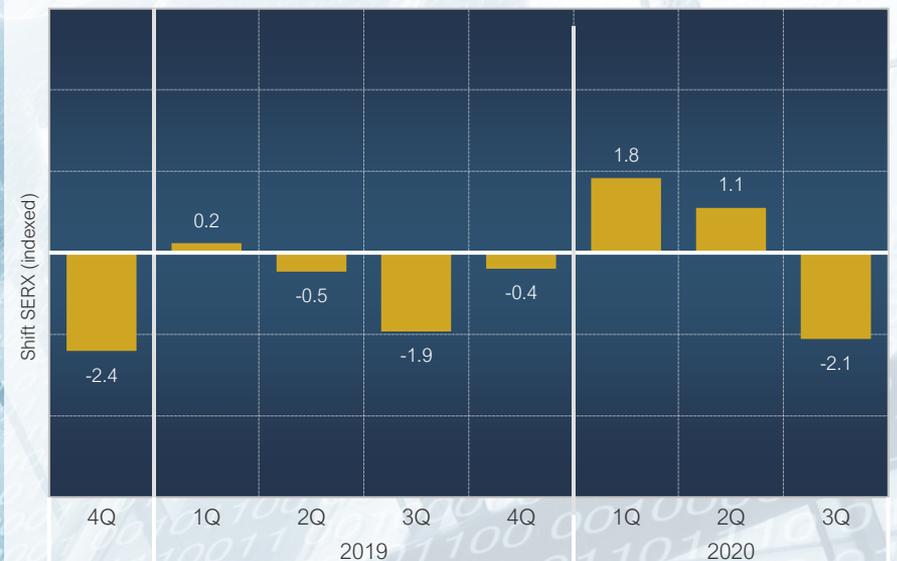
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fög - University of Zurich



The graph shows the indexed sedimented reputation development (SRI®) of SERX (golden curve). The reference point for the indexation is January 1, 2008. The SRI® models the historically grown reputation anchored in public memory.

SERX Shift per Quarter
4Q2018 - 3Q2020

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The graph shows the shift in the reputation of SERX according to SRI® per month.
Reading example: In the 3rd quarter of 2020, SERX lost 2.1 SRI® index points.

Swiss Economy Reputation Index Real vs. Financial Economy (as of 30/09/2020)

SERX Real vs. Financial Economy

SRI® indexed 2005 - 30/09/2020 (01/01/2008 = 100)

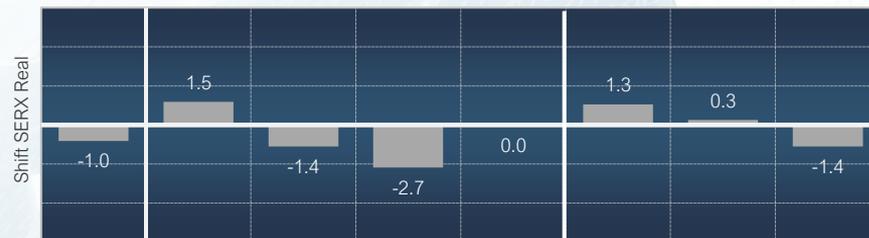
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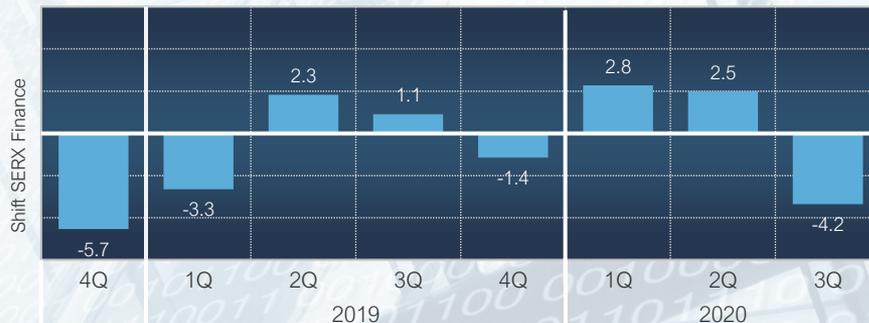
The graph shows the indexed sedimented reputation development (SRI®) of SERX for the meta-sectors real economy (grey curve) and financial economy (blue curve). The reference point for the indexation is January 1, 2008.

SERX Real Economy Shift per Quarter

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SERX Financial Economy Shift per Quarter



The graph shows the shift in the reputation of SERX according to SRI® per month.
Reading example: In the 3rd quarter of 2020, SERX Financial Economy lost 4.2 index points.

Swiss Economy Reputation Index

Functional vs. Social Reputation (as of 30/09/2020)

SERX Reputation Dimensions

SRI® 2005 - 30/09/2020

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The graph shows the sedimented reputation development (SRI®) of SERX divided into functional (green curve) and social reputation (red curve). The SRI® is adjusted to a scale of +100 (exclusively positive response) to -100 (exclusively negative response).

SERX Functional Shift per Quarter

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SERX Social Shift per Quarter



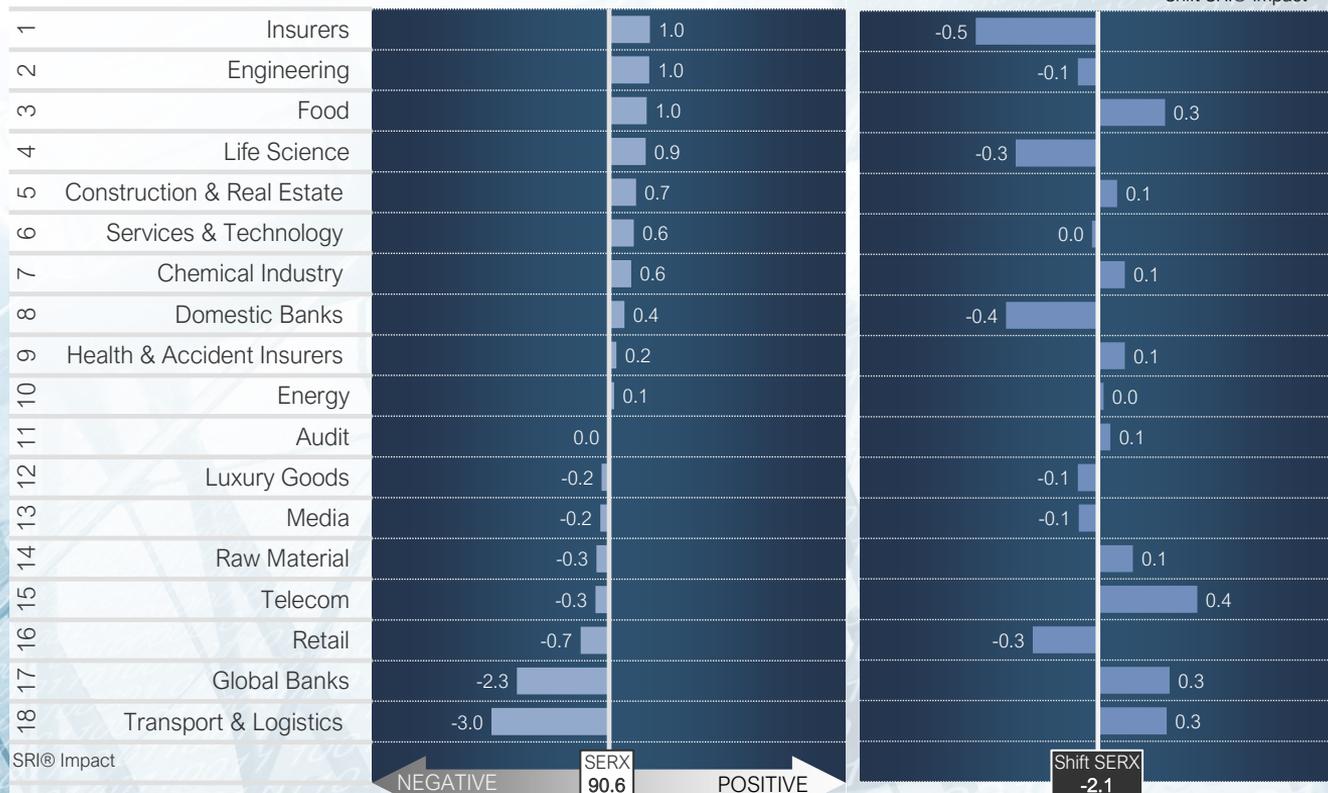
Functional or economic reputation is an indicator for economic success, specialist competence and plausible action with regard to organizational policy. Social reputation refers to the fulfilment of society standards.

Sector Comparison

Reputation Impact Sectors as of 30/09/2020

SERX Reputation Impact per Sector on Overall Reputation Swiss Economy as of 30/09/2020

Shift Impact 3Q2020 Shift to 30/06/2020



The sector reputation impact shows what impact an individual sector has on the reputation of the Swiss economy as a whole and is therefore a valid indicator of the effective reputation of individual sectors in the Swiss public.

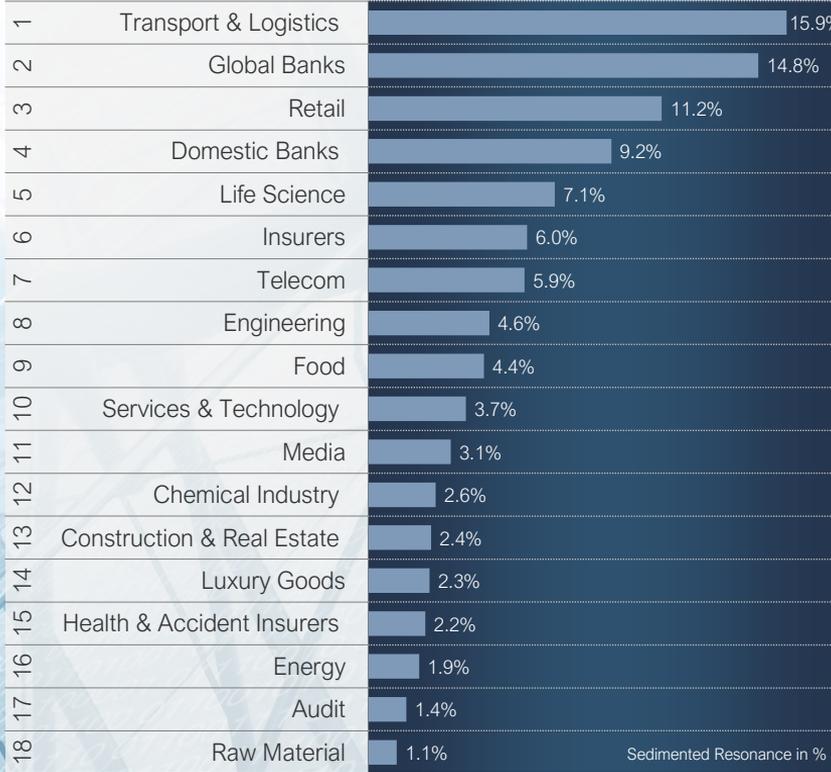
Reading aid: Without the 'Transport & Logistics' sector, the Swiss Economy Reputation Index would be 3.0 index points higher than the current 90.6 (left chart). The impact of this sector improved in 3Q2020 (+0.3 - right chart).

Sector Comparison

Resonance Shift Sectors as of 30/06/2020

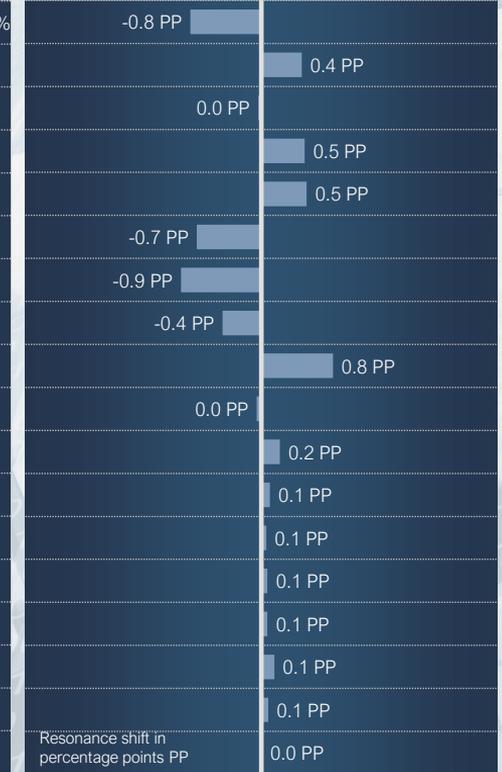
Sectors Media Response

Shares in % as of 30/09/2020



Shift in PP 3Q2020

Shift zu 30/06/2020



The left chart shows the breakdown of media attention (sedimented resonance) for the individual sectors as of the reporting date. Reading aid: The 'Transport & Logistics' sector generates 15.9% of the media attention in the leading media examined in the context of reporting on the Swiss economy.

The right chart shows the shift in sedimented resonance in percentage points compared to the previous period. Reading aid: The share of the 'Transport & Logistics' sector has fallen by -0.8 percentage points compared with the previous period.

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commslab

Profile Research & Management

commsLAB AG is a research-based consulting boutique founded in 2004. We support private companies, nonprofit and political organizations with concrete decision criteria for a long-term profile-compliant and value-adding positioning

Based on an empirical, scientifically sound data basis, we point out concrete opportunities for action whether and where the public appearance of your organization needs to be corrected or whether and where fundamental strategic course corrections need to be done.

In the areas of reputation and issue monitoring, we work closely with our long-term strategic partner, the fög - Research Center for the Public Sphere and Society at the University of Zurich. More details: <https://www.foeg.uzh.ch/>

Together with fög, commsLAB guarantees an independent approach that is recognized in international communication research. This includes a methodology that is committed to strict quality standards and consistently integrates state-of-the-art scientific findings.

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Over 25 years of professional experience in the field of reputation management. Ten years of which as Group Spokesman and Head of Corporate Reputation Analysis at SBC/UBS (1994-2004) as well as Chief of Staff at FOPI/FINMA (2004-2008).

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Over 20 years of experience in the implementation of scientifically based reputation and issue management processes in business and politics. Many years thereof as head of fög/UZH.

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B.A. in Economics UZH with focus on Banking & Finance and over ten years of experience in software development (Java, Python) and data analysis (Pandas, R, SQL).